



Crimes Against Property



**Mission State Park, Shoshone County
Submitted by Sara Breckon**

2015 Idaho Crimes Against Property

Statewide Profile

Data counts represent each offense within a reported crime incident.

Crimes Against Property	
Offenses Reported	43,615
Change from 2014	0.3%
Rate per 100,000*	2,545.3
Total Arrests	8,629

23.4% of property loss recovered on stolen items.

**Stolen Property Loss
5 Year Trend**



Crimes Against Property by Category

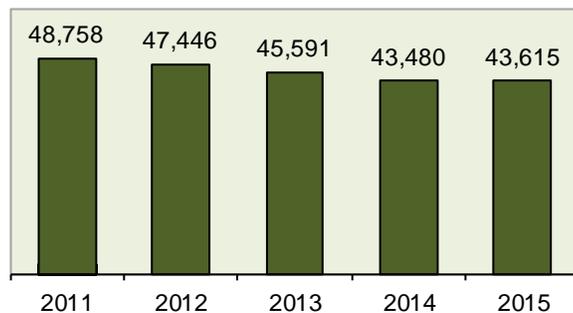
<u>Offenses</u>	<u>Distribution</u>
Larceny/Theft	49.1
Destruction of Property	19.7
Burglary/B&E	13.3
Fraud Offenses	9.6
Motor Vehicle Theft	4.3
Counterfeiting/Forgery	1.5
Stolen Property	1.1
Arson	0.5
Robbery	0.4
Embezzlement	0.3
Extortion/Blackmail	0
Bribery	0

Most frequent month of crime occurrence was July; least frequent was February.

Top Ten Property Items Stolen

- Money
- Automobiles
- Jewelry/Precious Metals
- Tools
- Computer Hardware
- Bicycles
- Merchandise
- Firearms
- Electronics
- Household Items

**Total Crimes Against Property
5 Year Trend**



* Adjusted population base: 1,713,542.

2015 Crimes Against Property

Robbery

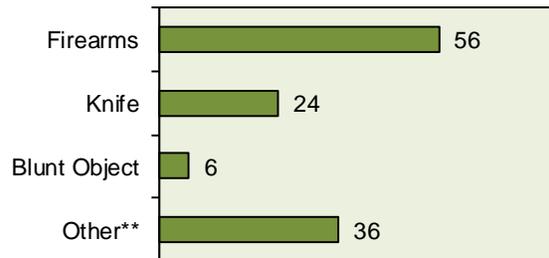
Definition

- The taking, or attempting to take, anything of value under confrontational circumstances from the control, custody, or care of another person by force or threat of force or by putting the victim in fear of immediate harm -

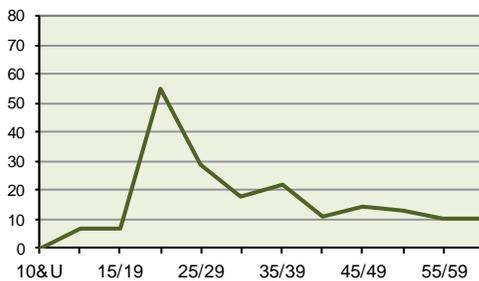
Robbery	
Offenses Reported	192
Change from 2014	-4.0%
Rate per 100,000*	11.2
Total Arrests	114

Robbery is a violent confrontation between an offender and a victim; however, it is classified as a crime against property because the primary reason for committing the offense is to take something of value.

Robbery Incidents by Type of Weapons Used in 2015



Robbery Victims by Age in 2015



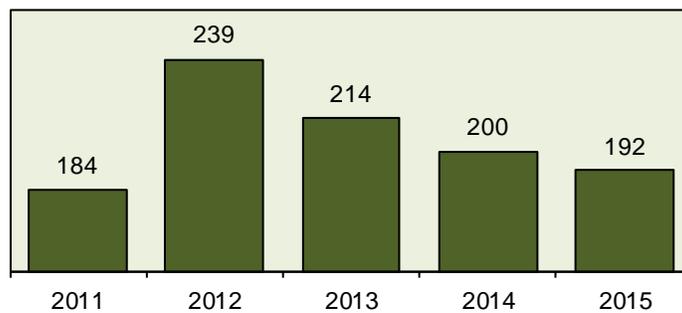
Most Frequent Locations of Robbery

Location	Percent
Residence	30.2
Highway/Street	18.2
Convenience Store	9.9
Bank/Savings	7.3
Parking Lot	5.2
Hospital/Medical Building	4.7
Restaurant	4.2
Field/Woods	4.2

Arrestee Information

	Adult		Juvenile	
	Male	Female	Male	Female
Race				
White	80	12	7	0
Black	2	1	0	0
Indian	0	0	0	1
Asian	2	1	0	0
Unknown	7	1	0	0
Ethnicity				
Non Hispanic	66	12	6	1
Hispanic	17	1	1	0
Unknown	8	2	0	0

Robbery 5 Year Trend



7% of robbery arrestees were juveniles.

43.7% of individual victims of robbery were between the ages of 20 and 29.

40.6% of robberies occurred at a place of business.

* Adjusted population base: 1,713,542. **Other excludes personal (hand, fist, feet, etc.) weapon.

2015 Idaho Crimes Against Property

Burglary/Breaking & Entering

Definition

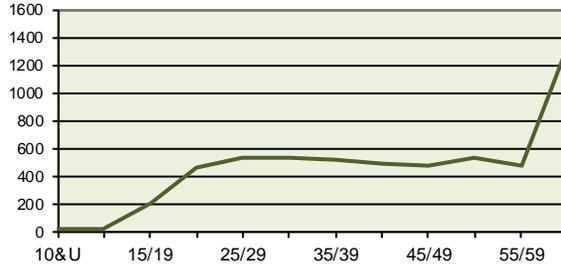
- The unlawful entry of a structure to commit a theft or felony -

Burglary/B&E

Offenses Reported	5,804
Change from 2014	-4.2%
Rate per 100,000*	338.7
Total Arrests	1021

The offense of burglary/breaking & entering in the UCR program is counted when there is forcible entry, unlawful entry (no force), or attempted forcible entry of a structure. A vehicle is not considered a structure; therefore, theft from a vehicle is not included in this category.

Individual Victims of Burglary during 2015



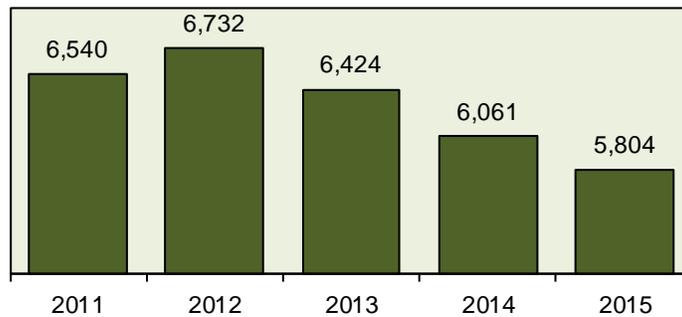
Most Frequent Locations of Burglary

Location	Percent
Residence	70.8
Rental Storage Facility	4.2
Specialty Store	4.2
Commercial/Office Building	3.9
Department/Discount Store	2.5

Arrestee Information

	Adult		Juvenile	
	Male	Female	Male	Female
<u>Race</u>				
White	497	181	178	43
Black	9	4	12	1
Indian	14	5	6	0
Asian	0	0	0	0
Unknown	40	9	17	4
<u>Ethnicity</u>				
Non Hispanic	437	161	153	33
Hispanic	77	24	36	10
Unknown	46	14	24	5

Burglary/Breaking & Entering 5 Year Trend



22.6% of burglary incidents occurred at a place of business.

25.5% of burglary arrestees were juveniles.

* Adjusted population base: 1,713,542.

2015 Idaho Crimes Against Property

Larceny/Theft Offenses

Definition
- The unlawful taking, carrying, leading, or riding away of property from the possession of another person -

Larceny/Theft Offenses	
Offenses Reported	21,407
Change from 2014	-1.9%
Rate per 100,000*	1249.3
Total Arrests	5,426

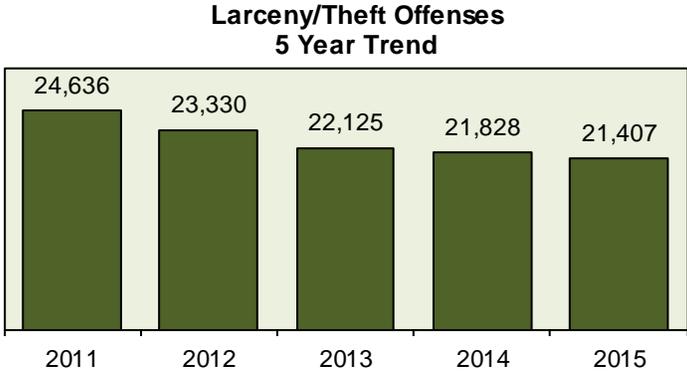
24% of larceny/theft offense arrestees were juveniles.

Larceny/Theft Offenses Category		
<u>Classification</u>	<u># Reported</u>	<u>Distribution</u>
All Other Larceny/Theft	8,878	41.5
Shoplifting	4,892	22.9
From Motor Vehicle	4,643	21.7
From Buildings	2,460	11.5
Motor Vehicle Parts/Accessories	344	1.6
Pocket Picking	147	0.7
Purse Snatching	30	0.1
From Coin Operated Machines	13	0.1

Arrestee Information				
	Adult		Juvenile	
	Male	Female	Male	Female
<u>Race</u>				
White	1,956	1,589	687	378
Black	56	27	28	11
Indian	54	43	13	6
Asian	13	9	3	1
Unknown	181	181	96	78
<u>Ethnicity</u>				
Non Hispanic	1,838	1,452	578	336
Hispanic	212	179	129	53
Unknown	210	218	120	85

Most Frequent Locations of Larceny/Theft Offenses	
<u>Location</u>	<u>Percent</u>
Residence	42.2
Department Store	12.9
Grocery Store	7.6
Parking Lot	4.4
Specialty Store	4.4

38.5% of larceny/theft incidents occurred at a place of business.



* Adjusted population base: 1,713,542.

2015 Idaho Crimes Against Property

Motor Vehicle Theft

Definition
- The theft of a motor vehicle -

Motor Vehicle Theft	
Offenses Reported	1,888
Change from 2014	17.9%
Rate per 100,000*	110.2
Total Arrests	221

13.5% of motor vehicle thefts occurred at a place of business.

Motor Vehicle Theft Category	
<u>Type of Vehicle</u>	<u>Distribution</u>
Automobiles	87.4
Other Motor Vehicles	6.4
Recreational Vehicles	3.2
Trucks	3.0
Buses	0

A motor vehicle is defined for UCR purposes as a self-propelled vehicle that runs on land surface and not on rails, and whose primary purpose is to transport persons. Motorcycles, scooters, snowmobiles, golf carts, etc. are categorized under "other motor vehicles." Recreational vehicles are specifically designed to transport people and also provide them temporary lodging for recreational purposes. Tractors, farm and industrial equipment, and lawn mowers are not considered "motor vehicles," as their main purpose is not to transport persons. Motor vehicle theft includes the offense of "joy riding."

Estimated amount stolen \$12,450,550;
amount recovered \$8,394,078.

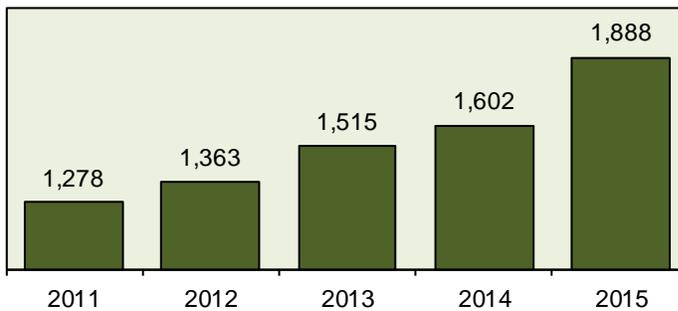
Most Frequent Locations of Motor Vehicle Thefts	
<u>Location</u>	<u>Percent</u>
Residence	56.2
Highway/Street	12.4
Parking Lot	11.3
Specialty Store	4.1
Commercial/Office Building	3.5

Arrestee Information				
<u>Race</u>	<u>Adult</u>		<u>Juvenile</u>	
	Male	Female	Male	Female
White	95	29	39	21
Black	2	0	6	0
Indian	4	0	1	0
Asian	1	0	0	0
Unknown	12	2	6	2
<u>Ethnicity</u>				
Non Hispanic	82	26	38	16
Hispanic	19	3	4	5
Unknown	13	2	10	2

Motor Vehicle Theft 5 Year Trend

Average estimated loss per vehicle amounted to \$9,154.

33.9% of motor vehicle theft offense arrestees were juveniles.



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2015 Idaho Crimes Against Property

Arson

Definition

- The unlawful or intentional damage, or attempt to damage, any real or personal property by fire or incendiary device -

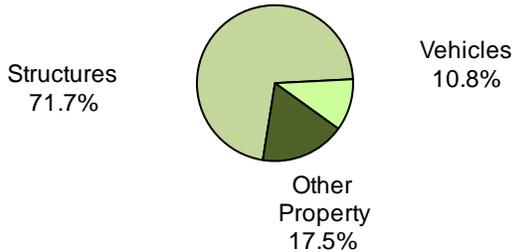
Arson	
Offenses Reported	239
Change from 2014	9.1%
Rate per 100,000*	13.9
Total Arrests	64

Only fires determined through investigation to have been unlawfully and intentionally set are to be classified as arson. Fires of suspicious or unknown origin should not be reported.

Value of Property Loss from Arson

Structures	\$ 1,155,383
Vehicles	\$173,359
Other Property	\$282,788
Total Loss	\$ 1,611,530

Arson Property Loss by Category



Arrestee Information

Race	Adult		Juvenile	
	Male	Female	Male	Female
White	20	2	29	7
Black	1	0	1	0
Indian	0	0	1	0
Asian	0	0	1	0
Unknown	0	0	0	2
Ethnicity				
Non Hispanic	19	2	27	7
Hispanic	1	0	3	0
Unknown	1	0	2	2

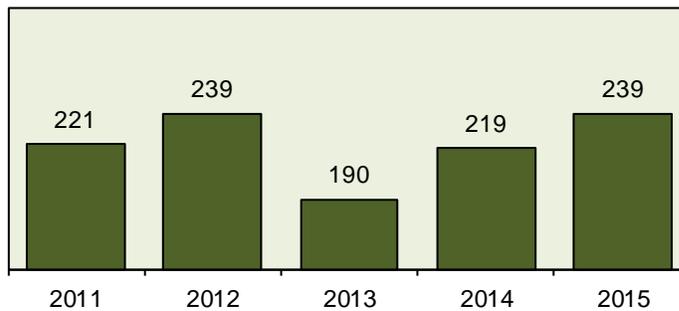
Most Frequent Locations of Arson

Location	Percent
Residence	37.7
Field/Woods	19.7
Highway/Road	8.4
School/College	4.6
Specialty Store	4.2
Commercial Office Building	4.2

Arson 5 Year Trend

21.3% of arson incidents occurred at a place of business.

64.0% of arson offense arrestees were juveniles.



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2015 Idaho Crimes Against Property

Destruction/Damage/Vandalism of Property

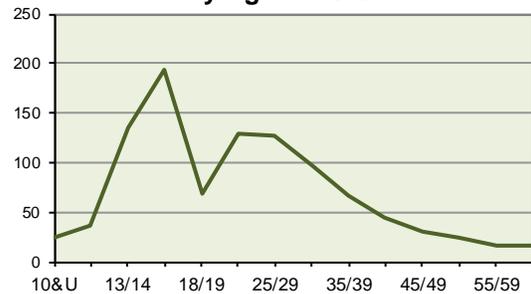
Definition

- To willfully or maliciously destroy, damage, deface, or otherwise injure real or personal property without the consent of the owner or the person having custody or control of it -

Destruction of Property

Offenses Reported	8,582
Change from 2014	-1.1%
Rate per 100,000*	500.8
Total Arrests	1,010

Destruction of Property Arrests by Age in 2015



Arrestee Information

	Adult		Juvenile	
	Male	Female	Male	Female
Race				
White	428	120	275	61
Black	9	2	11	6
Indian	11	4	2	1
Asian	3	0	4	0
Unknown	34	10	27	1
Ethnicity				
Non Hispanic	384	113	232	60
Hispanic	59	10	53	5
Unknown	42	13	34	4

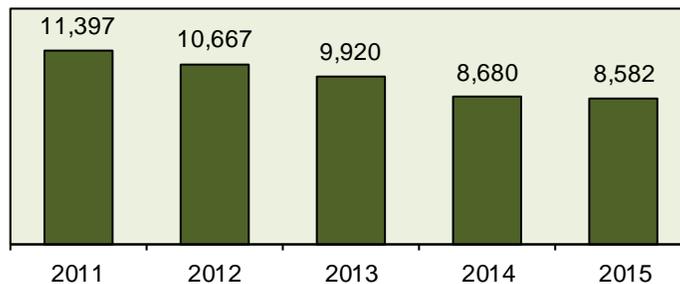
Value of Property Loss from Destruction of Property/Vandalism

Structure Loss Total:	\$ 2,169,305
Residential	\$ 652,636
Business	\$ 902,820
Public/Community	\$ 130,060
Other	\$ 483,789
Change from 2014	Up 63.1%
Vehicle Property Loss:	\$ 2,840,337
Change from 2014	Up 39.6%
Other Property Loss:	\$ 2,081,461
Change from 2014	Down 41.3%
Total Property Loss:	\$ 7,091,103
Change from 2014	Up 2.6%

Most Frequent Locations of Destruction of Property

Location	Percent
Residence	52.1
Highway/Street	10.3
Parking Lot	6.8
Commercial/Office Bldg.	4.3
Field/Woods	3.8
School/College	3.6

Destruction of Property/Vandalism 5 Year Trend



38.4% of destruction of property arrestees were juveniles.

* Adjusted population base: 1,713,542.

2015 Idaho Crimes Against Property

Counterfeiting/Forgery

Definition

- The altering, copying, or imitation of something, without authority or right, with the intent to deceive or defraud by passing the copy or thing altered or imitated as that which is original or genuine; or the selling, buying, or possession of an altered, copied, or imitated thing with the intent to deceive or defraud -

Counterfeiting/Forgery

Offenses Reported	677
Change from 2014	17.7%
Rate per 100,000*	39.5
Total Arrests	115

The data collection objective for this offense is to identify what type of item was counterfeited or forged. Nonnegotiable items, such as checks, money orders, and traveler's checks which are not endorsed, are reported with a zero value as these documents require further action to become negotiable.

Most Frequent Locations of Counterfeiting/Forgery

Location	Percent
Bank	22.9
Residence	20.5
Convenience Store	9.9
Grocery Store	6.4
Restaurant	6.0
Specialty Store	5.8
Department/Discount Store	5.8

68.8% of counterfeiting/forgery incidents occurred at a place of business.

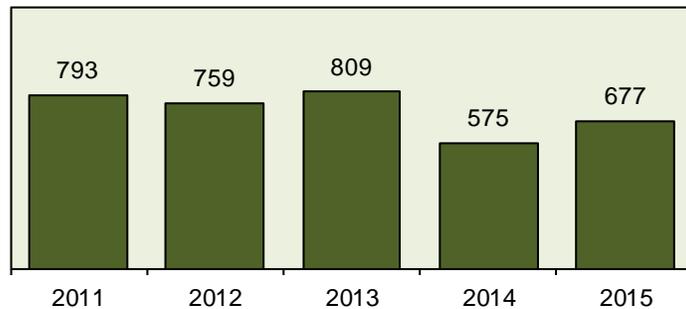
Type of Criminal Activity

Activity	Distribution
Using/Consuming	28.5
Possessing/Concealing	26.6
Cultivating/Manufacturing	18.4
Buying/Receiving	11.8
Distributing/Selling	6.2
Transporting/Importing	4.5
Operating/Promoting	4.0

Arrestee Information

Race	Adult		Juvenile	
	Male	Female	Male	Female
White	67	36	1	0
Black	3	1	0	0
Indian	0	0	0	0
Asian	0	0	0	0
Unknown	3	3	0	0
Ethnicity				
Non Hispanic	63	35	1	0
Hispanic	6	3	0	0
Unknown	4	2	0	0

Counterfeiting/Forgery 5 Year Trend



\$149,194 loss on reported counterfeit money.

0.9% of counterfeiting/forgery arrestees were juveniles.

* Adjusted population base: 1,713,542.

2015 Idaho Crimes Against Property

Fraud Offenses

Definition

- The intentional perversion of the truth for the purpose of inducing another person or other entity in reliance upon it to part with something of value or surrender a legal right -

Fraud Offenses

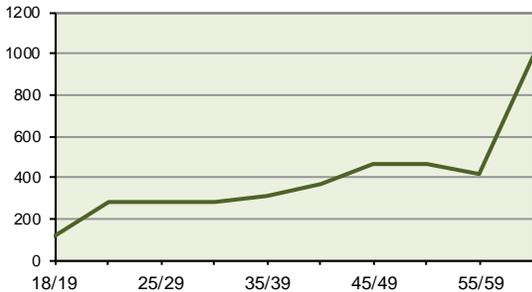
Offenses Reported	4,172
Change from 2014	14.2%
Rate per 100,000*	243.5
Total Arrests	302

Fraud offenses include pyramid schemes, impersonating a police officer, and the use of electronic devices to intentionally deceive another to obtain personal gain.

Fraud Offenses By Category

Classification	# Reported	Distribution
Credit Card	1,403	33.6
Swindle/Con Games	1,367	32.8
Impersonation	1,206	28.9
Wire	190	4.6
Welfare	6	0.1

Fraud Adult Victims by Age in 2015



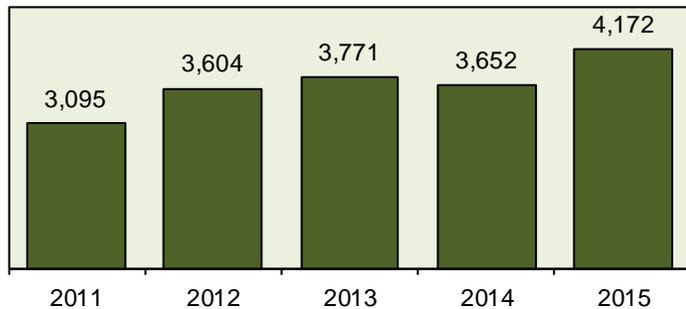
Arrestee Information

	Adult		Juvenile	
	Male	Female	Male	Female
<u>Race</u>				
White	134	88	21	7
Black	12	5	0	1
Indian	2	5	0	0
Asian	1	2	1	0
Unknown	14	8	4	0
<u>Ethnicity</u>				
Non Hispanic	117	91	20	6
Hispanic	29	8	1	2
Unknown	17	9	5	0

Most Frequent Locations of Fraud Offenses

Location	Percent
Residence	50.1
Department Store	6.9
Bank/Savings	6.2
Specialty Store	4.0
Convenience Store	3.4

Fraud Offenses 5 Year Trend



33.8% of fraud incidents occurred at a place of business.

11.3% of fraud arrestees were juveniles.

* Adjusted population base: 1,713,542.

2015 Idaho Crimes Against Property

Embezzlement

Definition

- The unlawful misappropriation by an offender to his/her own use or purpose of money, property, or some other thing of value entrusted in his/her care, custody, or control -

Embezzlement	
Offenses Reported	135
Change from 2014	-8.2%
Rate per 100,000*	7.9
Total Arrests	48

Arrestee Information				
	Adult		Juvenile	
	Male	Female	Male	Female
<u>Race</u>				
White	15	18	0	0
Black	1	0	0	0
Indian	0	0	0	0
Asian	1	0	0	0
Unknown	4	6	0	0
<u>Ethnicity</u>				
Non Hispanic	17	18	0	0
Hispanic	0	0	0	0
Unknown	4	6	0	0

Extortion/Blackmail

Definition

- Unlawfully obtain money, property, or any other thing of value, either tangible or intangible, through the use or threat of force, misuse of authority, threat of criminal prosecution, threat of destruction of reputation or social standing, or through other coercive means -

Extortion/Blackmail	
Offenses Reported	17
Change from 2014	-29.2%
Rate per 100,000*	1.0
Total Arrests	5

Arrestee Information				
	Adult		Juvenile	
	Male	Female	Male	Female
<u>Race</u>				
White	1	3	1	0
Black	0	0	0	0
Indian	0	0	0	0
Asian	0	0	0	0
Unknown	0	0	0	0
<u>Ethnicity</u>				
Non Hispanic	1	3	1	0
Hispanic	0	0	0	0
Unknown	0	0	0	0

Bribery

Definition

- The offering, giving, receiving, or soliciting of anything of value to sway the judgment or action of a person in a position of trust or influence -

Bribery	
Offenses Reported	3
Change from 2014	0%
Rate per 100,000*	0.2
Total Arrests	1

Arrestee Information				
	Adult		Juvenile	
	Male	Female	Male	Female
<u>Race</u>				
White	1	0	0	0
Black	0	0	0	0
Indian	0	0	0	0
Asian	0	0	0	0
Unknown	0	0	0	0
<u>Ethnicity</u>				
Non Hispanic	1	0	0	0
Hispanic	0	0	0	0
Unknown	0	0	0	0

* Adjusted population base: 1,713,542.

2015 Idaho Crimes Against Property

Stolen Property Offenses

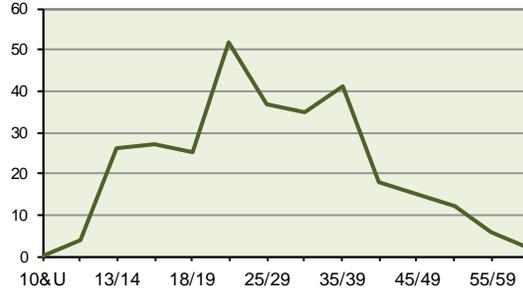
Definition

- Receiving, buying, selling, possessing, concealing, or transporting any property with the knowledge that it has been unlawfully taken, as by burglary, embezzlement, fraud, larceny, robbery, etc. -

Stolen Property

Offenses Reported	499
Change from 2014	2%
Rate per 100,000*	29.1
Total Arrests	361

Stolen Property Arrests by Age in 2015



Type of Criminal Activity

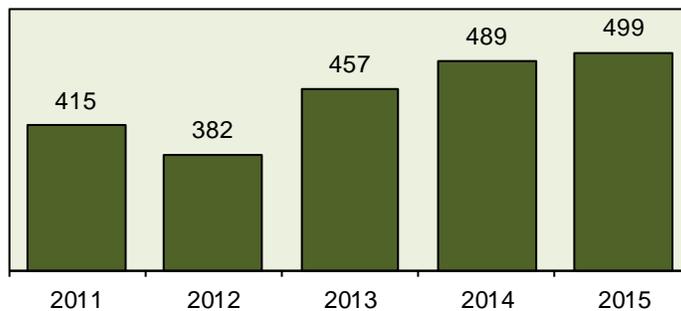
Activity	Distribution
Possessing/Concealing	86.3
Using/Consuming	4.2
Buying/Receiving	4.0
Distributing/Selling	2.9
Transporting/Importing	1.5
Operating/Promoting	1.1
Cultivation/Manufacturing	0

Arrestee Information

	Adult		Juvenile	
	Male	Female	Male	Female
<u>Race</u>				
White	157	43	44	6
Black	11	0	3	0
Indian	5	3	1	0
Asian	2	0	0	0
Unknown	19	3	2	1
<u>Ethnicity</u>				
Non Hispanic	147	37	39	4
Hispanic	23	6	6	1
Unknown	24	6	5	2

15.8% of stolen property arrestees were juveniles.

Stolen Property 5 Year Trend



* Adjusted population base: 1,713,542.